

Message Handling & Net Protocol Workshop

Craig LaBarge, WB3GCK CCAR Voice Net Manager

CCAR Tech Rally May 10, 2025



What we'll cover today

- Net Protocols
- Message Handling
 - General guidelines
 - ICS-213
 - Radiogram
 - Digital Messaging
 - ICS-309 Communications Log



Net Protocols





- Controlled net
 - A means of ensuring orderly use of limited frequency resources to conduct communications for a scheduled event or during an emergency
- Net control station (NCS)
 - The person charged with control of information flow on the frequency used by a controlled net
 - Controls information flow, not the event!



Participating in a Net

- Brevity and Clarity
 - Keep transmissions short and to the point
- Do not editorialize
- Listen, listen, listen!
 - Twice as much as you speak
- Use standard phonetics & prowords
 - Q Signals are for CW



Participating in a Net

- Follow the NCS's instructions
- Respond promptly when called
- Notify the NCS if you need to be away from your radio for any length of time



Types of Nets

- Resource nets--NCS, to acquire volunteers, make work assignments
- Tactical nets--NCS, tactical call signs, traffic for the event only
- Traffic nets--NCS, to pass formal written traffic, multiple frequencies



Tactical Callsigns

- Used to identify a location regardless of who is operating there
- Allows you to contact a location without knowing the FCC call of the operator
- Eliminates confusion at shift changes
- Speeds operation
- Use for all emergency nets once there are more than three participants



Tactical Callsigns

- Use for public service nets if there is more than minimal traffic
- NCS will assign
- Identification with FCC callsigns still required
 - At the end of an exchange
 - Every 10 minutes during longer exchanges (rare)
 - Don't over identify!



Tactical Callsign Examples

- NET -- for NCS
- FIRE-1 -- for a fixed fire-fighting location
- CHECK-POINT-1 -- for the first check point in a public service event
- AID-3 -- for the third aid station on a route
- THIRD-AND-MARKET -- for a street location
- EAST BRADFORD-NORTH-1 -- for the first location in the northern part of a municipality.



Initiating a Call

- Good: "NET, AID-3"
- Better: "AID-3"
- With traffic: "AID-3, emergency traffic" or "AID-3, priority traffic"
- With traffic for another location: "AID-3, traffic for CHECK-POINT-5"



Completing a Call

 Good: "AID-3, WB3GCK" (no 'clear,' 'out,' or other pro-word)



Leaving a Net

- If the NCS has given directions to secure your location, ID with your FCC call, your tactical call, and "CLOSED."
- If you are securing on orders of an agency authority, ID with your FCC call, your tactical call, and the phrase "LOCATION CLOSED PER (name, their title, agency)"



Message Handling Basics



General Guidelines

- Our job is to relay <u>formal</u> messages from one location to another exactly as written
 - Don't abbreviate or rephrase
 - Messages are sent as received even if they appear to have errors
 - We don't have to understand the meaning of the message
 - The recipient should receive what was originally written



General Guidelines

- Amateur radio ops will not usually originate formal message traffic
 - We are servants of the incident not owners



General Guidelines

- Accuracy is more important than speed
 - Dictating the message verrry slowwwly reduces the number of fills needed
 - Sending slowly actually increases message throughput
 - Remember that the operator on the other end is copying by hand
 - If the sending speed seems unnaturally slow and awkward, you are probably at the right speed!



Prowords

- When sending, use standard prowords:
 - I SPELL, indicating that you are about to spell a word using standard ITU phonetics
 - FIGURES to indicate that one or more numerals will follow
 - LETTER_GROUP to indicate that a group of letters will be spelled phonetically
 - MIXED_GROUP to indicate that a group consisting of both letters and numerals will follow
 - INITIAL to indicate that a single letter will follow phonetically



Prowords

- When sending, use standard prowords:
 - Amateur callsigns can either be sent using the proword MIXED_GROUP or by prefacing it with AMATEUR_CALL



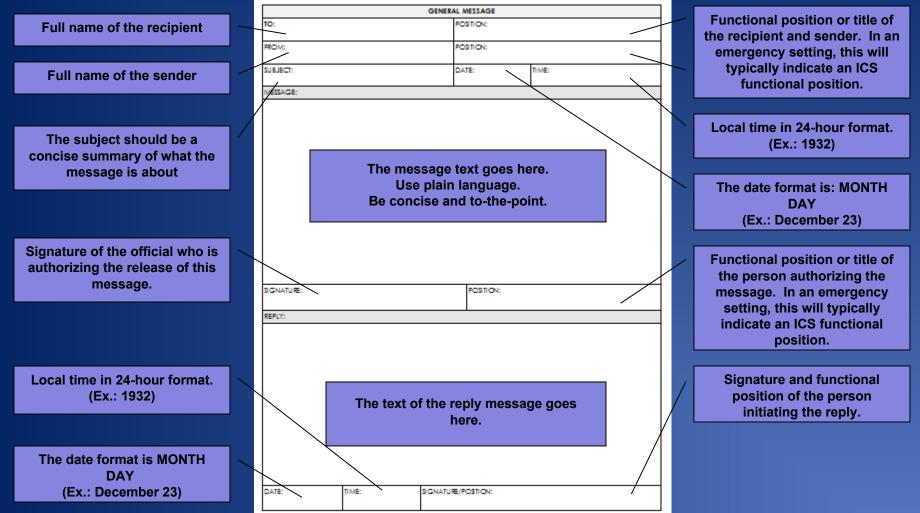
ICS-213 Message Form

10:	POSTION	
ROM:	POSTION	
SUBJECT:	DATE:	TIME:
NESSAGE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SGNATURE:	POSITION	
	- Carnet	
REPLY:		
5×75. 9×10.		
DATE: TIME:	SIGNATURE/POSITION:	
JATE: TIME:	SIGNATURE/POSITION:	

- Originally designed as a multi-part self-copying form for use as an interoffice memo
- NIMS & ICS standard
- Now increasingly used for messages between parties who are not in the same location
- Has some shortcomings, when used for radio communications



Anatomy of an ICS-213 Message





ICS-213 Message Example

GENERAL MESSAGE

TO: Hal <u>Fegley</u>	POSITION: County Transportation Officer
FROM: Steven Jones	POSITION: Smithville EMC
SUBJECT: Transportation Requirements	DATE: TIME: January 14 1917
MESSAGE:	
	. Q, <u>Smithville</u> , On arrival, contact)-447-9812. Please advise ETA.
SIGNATURE:	POSITION:
Steven Jones	Smithville EMC
REPLY:	
DATE: TIME: SIGN	ATURE/POSITION:
DATE: TIME: SIGN.	ATURE/POSITION:

Here's how the message to the left would be sent over a voice circuit...

W3XYZ , N3ABC ... ICS213 MESSAGE FOLLOWS...

To ... Hal I SPELL HOTEL ALPHA LIMA Fegley I SPELL FOXTROT ECHO GOLF LIMA ECHO YANKEE

Position ... County Transportation Officer

From ... Steven I SPELL SIERRA TANGO ECHO VICTOR ECHO NOVEMBER Jones

Position ... Smithville LETTER GROUP ECHO MIKE CHARLIE

Subject ... Transportation Requirements

Date ... January ONE FOUR TIME ... ONE NINE ONE SEVEN

TEXT FOLLOWS... Transportation for *FIGURES SEVEN FOUR* senior citizens required at the Pleasant Acres Retirement Home *COMMA ... FIGURES ONE FOUR FIVE SIX* Avenue *INITIAL QUEBEC ... COMMA* Smithville *PERIOD*

On arrival COMMA contact Ruth Baker COMMA Facility Directory COMMA ... FIGURES SIX ONE ZERO DASH FOUR FOUR SEVEN DASH NINE EIGHT ONE TWO ... PERIOD

Please advise LETTER GROUP ECHO TANGO ALPHA ... PERIOD

Signature Steven Jones ... Position Smithville LETTER GROUP ECHO MIKE CHARLIE

END ... NO MORE

W3XYX THIS IS N3ABC ... OVER



ARRL Radiogram

	THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE RADIOGRAM										
NUMBER	PRECEDENCE	нх	STATION OF ORIGIN	CHECK		PLACE OF ORIGIN	TIME FILED	DATE			
						THIS RADIO MESSAGE I AMATEUR STATION NAME STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE, ZIP	PHON				
REC'D	ROM		DATE	TIME	SENT TO		DATE	TIME			
WHOSE ADD HANDLED SC ACCEPTED B DELIVERING	THIS MESSAGE WAS HANDLED FREE OF CHARGE BY A LICENSED AMATEUR RADIO OPERATOR, WHOSE ADDRESS IS SHOWN IN THE BOX AT RIGHT ABOVE. AS SUCH MESSAGES ARE HANDLED SOLELY FOR THE PLEASHER OF OPERATING, NO COMPENSATION CAN BE ACCEPTED BY A "HAM" OPERATOR, A RETURN MESSAGE MAY BE FILED WITH THE "HAM" DELIVERING THIS MESSAGE TO YOU. FURTHER INFORMATION ON AMATEUR RADIO MAY BE OBTAINED FROM ARRL HEADQUARTERS, 225 MAIN STREET, NEWINGTON, CT 05111 THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC, IS THE NATIONAL MEMBERSHIP SOCIETY OF LICENSED RADIO AMATEURS AND THE PUBLISHER OF OF MAGAZINE. ONE OF ITS FUNCTIONS IS PROMOTION OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMUNICATION AMONG AMATEUR OPERATORS. TO THAT END, THE LEAGUE HAS ORGANIZED THE NATIONAL TRAFFIC SYSTEM FOR DAILY NATIONWIDE MESSAGE HANDLING. PRINTED IN USA										



Elements of a Radiogram

NUMBER	PRECEDENCE	НХ	STATION OF ORIGIN	CHECK	PLACE OF ORIGIN	TIME FILED	DATE
					4		1

- Message Preamble administrative details
 - MESSAGE NUMBER
 - PRECEDENCE
 - HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS (optional)
 - STATION OF ORIGIN (first ham to put into NTS format)
 - CHECK
 - PLACE OF ORIGIN
 - TIME FILED (optional local time is used during most emergencies)
 - DATE

<u>No Prepared Ham Should Copy Priority Traffic Delayed</u>



Precedence

- EMERGENCY (Always spelled out)
 - Any message having life-or-death urgency during a declared emergency
- Priority (P)
 - Important messages having a time limit
 - Official messages not considered emergency
 - Emergency-related traffic not of the utmost urgency
 - Notice of death or injury in a disaster area



Precedence

- Welfare (W)
 - An inquiry as to health and welfare of someone in a disaster area
 - An advisory from a disaster area
 - Handled after all emergency and priority traffic is cleared
 - Red Cross calls it DWI (Disaster Welfare Inquiry)

• Routine (R)

- Most traffic
- Handled last, or when not all circuits are busy with higherprecedence traffic



Handling Instructions

- HXA (number) Collect landline within (number) miles
- HXB (number) Cancel if not delivered within (number) hours
- HXC Report date/time of delivery to originating station
- HXD Report to originating station.
 - ID of station from which received, date, time.
 - ID of station to which relayed, date, time.
 - If delivered, date, time of delivery

HXE - Delivering station get reply from addressee, originate message. (Common during emergencies)

- HXF (date) Hold delivery until (date).
- HXG Delivery not required if expense involved.



Message Check

- After receiving, count the words and compare with the CHECK.
- Count only the words between BREAK prowords in the format. Just the message text.
- Count whole words, letter groups, figure groups, mixed groups as one word.



Addressee

- To help facilitate delivery of the message to the final recipient, include the following:
 - Full Name and title, if applicable
 - Full street address, including zip code
 - Telephone (this is how Radiograms are often delivered to the recipient)



Message Text

- Use proword "BREAK" before and after text
- Do not use punctuation
 - XRAY instead of period (not needed at the end of a message
 - QUERY instead of question mark (always spell out)
- Usually 25 words or less



Signature

- The signature can take several forms
 - A single name
 - A full name and a title (especially for EmComm)
 - Something like "Mom and Dad"
 - Occasionally a return address and phone number
 - Whatever is needed to ensure that the recipient can identify the sender and that a reply message can be sent, if necessary



ARRL Numbered Radiograms

- Standardized list of often used phrases
- Example birthday greetings: ARL FORTY SIX
- The numbers are always spelled out
- When numbered radiograms are used, the letters ARL are placed in the check field of the preamble
- Convert (decode) to English for delivery



Numbered Radiogram Examples

Some examples:

ONE Everyone safe here. Please don't worry.

TWO Coming home as soon as possible.

THREE Am in ______ hospital. Receiving excellent care and recovering fine.

FORTY SIX Greetings on your birthday and best wishes for many more to come.

FIFTY Greetings by Amateur Radio

SIXTY ONE Wishing you a very Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

SIXTY FOUR Arrived safely at _____.

SIXTY EIGHT Sorry to hear you are ill. Best wishes for a speedy recovery.



Radiogram Example

NR 1 R W3QA ARL5 EAST BRADFORD PA DEC 25

JOHN DOE 164 EAST SIXTH AVE SANTA CLARITA CA 91350 610-555-1313

ARL FIFTY ARL SIXTY ONE

LOR



Radiogram Example

NUMBER ONE ROUTINE WHISKEY THREE QUEBEC ALPHA ARL FIVE

EAST BRADFORD PENNSYLVANIA DECEMBER TWO FIVE

JOHN DOE I SPELL DELTA OSCAR ECHO

FIGURES ONE SIX FOUR EAST SIXTH AVENUE

SANTA CLARITA CALIFORNIA FIGURES NINE ONE THREE FIVE ZERO

PHONE FIGURES SIX ONE ZERO FIVE FIVE FIVE ONE THREE ONE THREE

BREAK

LETTER GROUP ALPHA ROMEO LIMA FIFTY – I SPELL FOXTROT INDIA FOXTROT TANGO YANKEE – LETTER GROUP ALPHA ROMEO LIMA SIXTY - I SPELL SIERRA INDIA XRAY TANGO YANKEE – ONE - I SPELL OSCAR NOVEMBER ECHO

BREAK

LOR I SPELL LIMA OSCAR ROMEO

END... NO MORE



Requesting & Handling Fills

- When requesting and providing message fills, the following prowords should be used:
 - SAY_AGAIN meaning "please repeat"
 - I_SAY_AGAIN meaning that a repeat of a word or phrase is about to be given



Requesting & Handling Fills

- The following prowords are used to indicate specific words or phrases in a message:
 - WORD_AFTER to indicate the word that immediately followed a specific word
 - WORD_BEFORE to indicate the word that immediately preceded a specific word
 - ALL_AFTER to indicate everything that followed a specific word
 - ALL_BEFORE to indicate everything that came before a specific word
 - BETWEEN to indicated everything between two specific words



Requesting & Handling Fills

A typical exchange might handled like this: W3EOC this is W3XYZ Say again word before dog OVER

The response would be in the form of: W3XYZ this is W3EOC I say again word before dog...big, I spell Bravo India Golf. OVER



NBEMS Messaging

- Various forms available in flmsg
- Send via flmsg or
- Save as a file and send using flamp

📑 FLMSG: 4.0.23 — 🗆	x í
App'd Pos.	



Winlink Messaging

- Winlink Express offers numerous forms
- Create a new message
- Select the template
- Edit in browser

ost to Outbox Selec	t Template Attachments Spell Check Save in Drafts Close
From: WB3GCK	🗱 Template Manager 🦳 — 🗆 🗙 Set Defaults
To:	Select Close Add Remove Edit
Cc:	FMRE Forms General Forms
ubject:	⊕ General Medical Forms
Attach:	HICS tate forms HICS Forms HICS Forms Customizable Form.txt CS USA Forms LCS201 Incident Briefing.txt
	ICS206 Medical Plan.txt
	 - ICS213 General Message txt - ICS213RR Resource Request Message.txt - ICS214 Activity Log.txt
	ICS309 Communications Log.txt
	LA State forms



Winlink Messaging (Cont'd)

- After editing message:
 Click submit (at bottom) to populate the message form
 - Or you can save message content as a text file

7. Message:	
Be Brief and Concise	
	//
8. Approved by: 8b. Position / Title:	
Optional Location Coordinates	
Latitude 40.145833 Longitude -75.541667 MGRS Ex:11SNR0184195204 Grid FN20FD	
LAT/LON and MGRS default to the center of the grid square listed in Express Settings, unless a GPS is used or Lat/LON or MGRS are entered manually. For Winlink mapping and CSV export you must enter a latitude and longitude.	
Submit Save ICS213 INITIAL Data Reset Form	Ver 43.4



ICS-309 Communications Log

Time period that this		Leave blank if not provided to you						Month Day Year		
		сомми		NS LOG	INCIDENT #	<u> </u>	DATE:			
log covers		FOR OPER	ATIONAL PE	RIOD #	INCIDENT NAME:				Name of the incident	
		RADIO OPE	ERATOR NAM	ME:	LOG	STATION I	I.D. •		(or drill)	
Name(s) and			STATI	ON I.D.	200					
callsign(s) of the operator(s)		TIME	то	FROM		SUBJECT			Tactical callsign of your station	
Time of message receipt (for									The "Subject" field should include (as best you can):	
incoming) or time of						-				
transmission (for outgoing)									1) Subject (brief)	
(Local time)								\square		
	J								2) Date & time message was	
Use tactical callsigns									originated (i.e.,	
of the sending and									Date/Time from the	
receiving stations				→					ICS-213 form or from the radio email msg.)	
Don't forget the page									3) Originator	
number!		PAGE 0	-							
		PAGE 0	F				PEV 00/02	ICS 309		



Service Cross

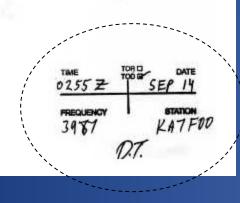
RADIOGRAM

128 TEST P HXE J3IVN ARL17 ST GEORGES GRENADA 1321Z SEP 13

DR SIMON GRETZKY 300 PARNASSUS AVE SAN FRANCISCO CA 94117 415 555 6100 X 43

TEST MESSAGE X ARL FOURTEEN HURRICANE X ARL TWENTY FOUR X CONTACT STATE DEPARTMENT AND ADVISE URGENT

ROGER CALLAS J3IVN 14295 KHZ



•Has its origins in military comm •Used to annotate: •Time of receipt/delivery •Date of receipt/delivery Frequency or comm circuit used Station that you received it from or sent it to



CCAR Weekly Net

- Always looking for NCS ops and Drill Traffic Handlers
- Great way to build your skills in a low-stress, supportive environment
- Contact CCAR Voice Net Manager to volunteer (WB3GCK@ARRL.NET)



CCAR Needs You!